	Bio-condition Site 12		
	Forbs and Others	Adiantum aethiopicum, Ajuga australis, Cheilanthes seiberi, Cyanthillium cinereum, Cymbidium madidum, Desmodium rhytidophyllum, Dianella caerulea, Dianella nervosa, Drynaria rigidula, Eleutheroglossum fellowsii, Flemingia parviflora, Gahnia aspera, Geitonoplesium cymosum, Hibbertia longifolia, Hypericum gramineum, Lomandra multiflora, Lepidosperma laterale, Parsonsia rotata, Plectranthus parviflora, Pterocaulon redolens, Rostellularia adscendens, Scleria mackaviensis, Thelychiton jonesii subsp. jonesii, Thysanotus tuberosus, Trachyrhizum argrostophyllum, Widelia spilanthoides, Xerochrysum bracteatum.	
Non-native species		Praxelis clematidea, Crassocephalum crepidioides.	
Threatened Flora		Eleutheroglossum fellowsii	

	Table 14 Bio-condition Site 13				
		Bio-condi	tion Site 13		
Date:	25-05-2020				
Plot Origin:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.20323	Long: 145.40465	Elevation: 1083m	
Plot Centre:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.20279	Long: 145.40471	Elevation: 1087m	
Plot Bearing:	W	Plot Alignment:	Steep mid-slope, following co	ontour	
	North		Ea	ast	

#### **Bio-condition Site 13**





South West

#### **Habitat Description:**

Open woodland with a canopy (12m) dominated by *Eucalyptus drepanophylla, Corymbia intermedia* and *Lophostemon grandiflorus*. Understorey of *Allocasuarina torulosa* and canopy associates (5-8). Sparse shrub layer (3m) contains *Acacia aulococarpa*. Grassy understorey (<1.0m) of *Themeda triandra* and *Mnesithea rottboellioides* and *Capillipedium spicigerum*.

# Regional Ecosystem (Mapped):

**7.12.34** Eucalyptus portuensis and/or E. drepanophylla, +/- C. intermedia +/- C. citriodora, +/- E. granitica open woodland to open forest on uplands on granite.

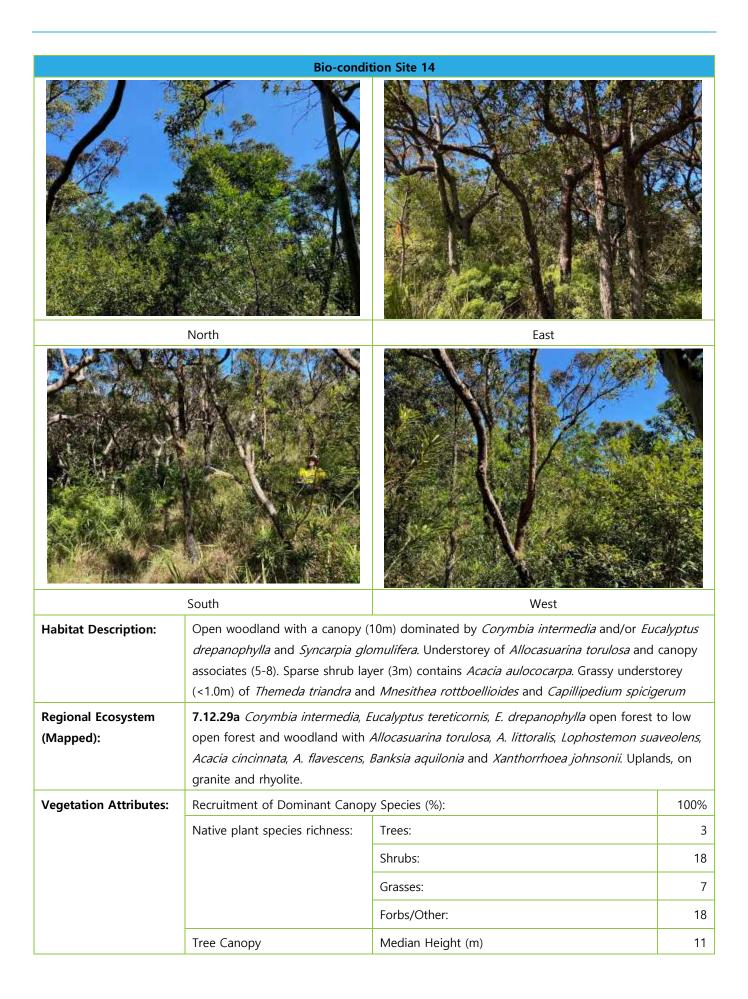
### **Vegetation Attributes:**

Recruitment of Dominant Canopy Species (%):		100%
Native plant species richness:	Trees:	4
	Shrubs:	16
	Grasses:	9
	Forbs/Other:	28
Tree Canopy	Median Height (m)	12
	Tree Canopy Cover (%)	28.1
Tree Sub-canopy	Tree sub-canopy median Height (m)	6.5
	Tree Sub-canopy Cover	5.7
Large Trees	Large Eucalypt tree DBH threshold (cm)	30
	Large Eucalypt trees per hectare	20
	Large non-eucalypt trees threshold (cm)	30
	Large non-eucalypt trees per hectare	2
Shrubs	Native Shrub Cover (%)	3.3
Ground Cover	Native Perennial Grass Cover (%)	62
	Forbs and Non-grass (%)	9
	Shrubs (%)	3
	Organic litter cover (%)	25

	Bio-condi	tion Site 13		
		Rock (%)	0	
		Bare Ground (%)	0	
		Cryptograms (%)	0	
		Non-native plant cover (%)	<1	
		Total Non-native species richness	1	
	Coarse Woody Debris (CWD)	Total length >10cm width and >1m length (m)	111	
Native Species Richness:	Trees	Eucalyptus drepanophylla, Corymbia intermedia, Allocasuarina torulosa, Lophostemon grandiflorus  Acacia aulococarpa, Alphitonia excelsa, Breynia oblongifolia, Dodonea lanceolata, Hakea plurinervia, Hibiscus meraukensis, Indigofera bancroftii, Lophostemo suaveolens, Persoonia falcata, Platysace vallida, Plectranthus amoenus, Pomaderris argyrophylla, Psycho loniceroides, Trema tomentosa, Xanthorrhoea johnsonii		
	Shrubs			
	Grasses	Capillipedium spicigerum, Digitaria spp., Dimeria ornithopoda, Mnesithia rottboellioides, Panicum et Schyzacharium fragile, Sarga plumosum, Themeda Tripogon loliiformis.		
	Forbs and Others	Adiantum aethiopicum, Cheilanthes sieberi, Chelanthes distans, Crotolaria brevis, Cyanthillium cinereum, Cymbidium madidum, Desmodium rhytidophyllum, Dianelin nervosa, Drynaria rigidula, Eustrephus latifolius, Fimbristylis acicularis, Fimbristylis dichotoma, Flemingia parviflora, Gahnia aspera, Hyperanicum gramineum, Hybanthus stellarioides, Lepidosperma laterale, Lomandra multiflora, Phyllanthus simplex, Platyceruim bifurcatum, Poranthera microphylla, Pseudoranthemum variable, Rostellularia adscendens, Scleria mackaviensis, Spermacoce brachystema, Thelychiton jonesii subsp. jonesii, Widelia spilanthoides, Xerochrysum bracteatum.		
Non-native Species		Gynura crepidioides, Praxelis clematidea,		
Threatened Flora		Plectranthus amoenus		

Table 15 Bio-condition Site 14

Bio-condition Site 14				
Date:	10-04-2019			
Plot Origin:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.20341	Long: 145.40645	Elevation: 1114m
Plot Centre:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.20336	Long: 145.40688	Elevation: 1120m
Plot Bearing:	Е	Plot Alignment:	Near to top of ridgeline, following contour	



	Bio-cond	ition Site 14	
		Tree Canopy Cover (%)	56.8
	Tree Sub-canopy	Tree sub-canopy median Height (m)	4
		Tree Sub-canopy Cover	7.6
	Large Trees	Large Eucalypt tree DBH threshold (cm)	20
		Large Eucalypt trees per hectare	20
		Large non-eucalypt trees threshold (cm)	20
		Large non-eucalypt trees per hectare	2
	Shrubs	Native Shrub Cover (%)	15
	Ground Cover	Native Perennial Grass Cover (%)	54
		Forbs and Non-grass (%)	5
		Shrubs (%)	23
		Organic litter cover (%)	18
		Rock (%)	0
		Bare Ground (%)	0
		Cryptograms (%)	0
		Non-native plant cover (%)	<1
		Total Non-native species richness	2
	Coarse Woody Debris (CWD)	Total length >10cm width and >1m length (m)	13
Native Species Richness:	Trees	Eucalyptus drepanophylla, Corymbia intermedia, S glomulifera	vncarpia
	Shrubs	Acacia aulococarpa, Acacia implexa, Allocasuarina litto Allocasuarina torulosa, Alphitonia excelsa, Hakea plurinervia, Acrothamnus spathacea, Acrotriche aggreg Banksia aquilonia, Bursaria spinosa, Glochidion sumatranum, Hibiscus meraukenensis, Hovea densivill Lophostemon suaveolens, Notolaea venosa, Trema as Pomaderris argyrophylla, Xanthorrhea johnsonii,	
	Grasses	Arundinella setosa, Capillipedium spicigerum, Entolosia stricta, Eriachne spp., Mnesithia rottboellioides, Panicum effusum, Themeda triandra.	
	Forbs and Others	Cyanthilium cinereum, Desmodium rhytidophyllum, Dianella caerulea, Drynaria rigidula, Eustrephus latifolius, Flemingia parviflora, Glycine clandestina, Lomandra multiflora, Plectranthus parviflorus, Pseuderanthemum variable, Pteridium esculentum, Rostellularia adscendens, Rubus moluccana, Scleria mackaviensis, Smilax australis, Thelychiton jonesii subsp. jonesii, Xerochrysum bracteatum, Widelia spilanthoides,	

Bio-condition Site 14		
Non-native Species Praxelis clematidea, Melinis minutiflora		
Threatened Flora	Nil	

Table 16 Bio-condition Site 15					
		Bio-condit	tion Site 15		
Date:	11-04-2019	I	I		
Plot Origin:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.19982	Long: 145.40669	Elevation: 1056m	
Plot Centre:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.19999	Long: 145.40713	Elevation: 1055m	
Plot Bearing:	NE	Plot Alignment:	Mid-slope very steep slope fo	llowing contour	
	North		East		
	South West				
Habitat Descript	glomulifera	Open shrubland (<3m) dominated by <i>Corymbia abergiana, Eucalyptus lockyeri</i> and <i>Syncarpia glomulifera</i> . Grassy understorey (<1.0m) of <i>Themeda triandra</i> and <i>Mnesithea rottboellioides</i> and <i>Capillipedium spicigerum</i>			
Regional Ecosyst (Mapped):	abergiana,	<b>7.12.57a</b> Shrubland and low woodland mosaic with <i>Syncarpia glomulifera, Corymbia abergiana, Eucalyptus portuensis, Allocasuarina littoralis</i> and <i>Xanthorrhoea johnsonii.</i> Uplands and highlands on granite and rhyolite, of the moist and dry rainfall zones.			
Vegetation Attri	<b>butes:</b> Recruitmen	t of Dominant Canop	y Species (%):		N/A
	Native plan	t species richness:	Trees:		0
			Shrubs:		13

	Bio-cond	lition Site 15		
		Grasses:	9	
		Forbs/Other:	22	
	Tree Canopy	Median Height (m)	N/A	
		Tree Canopy Cover (%)	0	
	Tree Sub-canopy	Tree sub-canopy median Height (m)	N/A	
		Tree Sub-canopy Cover	0	
	Large Trees	Large Eucalypt tree DBH threshold (cm)	N/A	
		Large Eucalypt trees per hectare	0	
		Large non-eucalypt trees threshold (cm)	N/A	
		Large non-eucalypt trees per hectare	0	
	Shrubs	Native Shrub Cover (%)	27.0	
	Ground Cover	Native Perennial Grass Cover (%)	45	
		Forbs and Non-grass (%)	3	
		Shrubs (%)	17	
		Organic litter cover (%)	12.5	
		Rock (%)	16	
		Bare Ground (%)	1.5	
		Cryptograms (%)	0	
		Non-native plant cover (%)	<1	
		Total Non-native species richness	2	
	Coarse Woody Debris (CWD)	Total length >10cm width and >1m length (m)	Nil	
Native Species	Trees	Nil (shrubland)		
Richness:	Shrubs	Acacia calyculata, Acrothamnus spathaceus, Allocasuarina littoralis, Bursaria incana, Corymbia abergiana, Eucalyptus drepanophylla, Eucalyptus lockyeri, Hakea plurinervia, Lophostemon suaveolens, Platysace vallida, Pomaderris argyrophylla, Syncarpia glomulifera, Xanthorrhoea johnsonii.		
	Grasses	Aristida spp., Capillipedium spicigerum, Chleistochloa subjuncea, Eragrostis cumingii, Mnesithia rottboellioides, Panicum simile, Schyzacharium fragile, Themeda triandra, Tripogon loliiformis.		
	Forbs and Others	Cheilanthes brownii, Cheilanthes seiberi, Coronidium newcastleanum, Crotalaria brevis, Crotalaria montana, Cyanthillium cinereum, Desmodium rhytidophyllum, Dianella nervosa, Evolvulus alsinoides, Hibbertia longifolia, Hovea nana, Hypericum gramineum, Lepidosperma laterale,		

	Bio-condition Site 15		
Lomandra multiflora, Melichrus adpressus, Melichrus		Lomandra multiflora, Melichrus adpressus, Melichrus	
urceolatus, Oxalis corniculatus, Poranthera microphyll. Rostellularia adscendens, Thysanotus tuberosa,		urceolatus, Oxalis corniculatus, Poranthera microphylla,	
		Rostellularia adscendens, Thysanotus tuberosa,	
		Wahlenbergia queenslandica, Widelia spilanthoides,	
Non-native Plant Species		Praxelis clematidea, Melinis repens.	
Threatened Flora		Nil	

Table 17 Bio-condition Site 16

Table 17 Bio-condition Site 16					
	Bio-condition Site 16				
Date:	26-05-2020				
Plot Origin:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.19669	Long: 145.39780	Elevation: 1036m	
Plot Centre:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.19627	Long: 145.39784	Elevation: 1036m	
Plot Bearing:	SE	Plot Alignment:	Top of ridge following contou	ır	
	North		East		
	South		W	est	
Habitat Descrip	tion: Open shru	bland to heathland (<	2m) with occasional rock paven	nent outcrops	
Regional Ecosys	7.12.57c Shrubland/low woodland (1.5-9m tall) mosaic with variable dominance, often				
(Mapped):	including <i>Eucalyptus cloeziana, Corymbia abergiana, E. portuensis, E. reducta, E. lockyeri, C.</i>				

#### **Bio-condition Site 16**

leichhardtii, Callitris intratropica, E. atrata, E. pachycalyx, E. shirleyi, E. drepanophylla and Homoranthus porteri, on rhyolite and granite. There is occasionally a very sparse to sparse secondary tree layer of Corymbia abergiana and/or C. stockeri. A very sparse to sparse tall shrub layer may be present and can include Persoonia falcata, Exocarpos cupressiformis and Melaleuca viridiflora var. viridiflora. A sparse to dense lower shrub layer may include Jacksonia thesioides, Acacia calyculata, Coelospermum reticulatum, Xanthorrhoea johnsonii, Acacia humifusa, Dodonaea lanceolata var. subsessilifolia, Grevillea dryandri subsp. dryandri, Grevillea glossadenia, Acacia umbellata and Ericaceae spp. The ground layer may be dominated by species such as Themeda triandra, Xanthorrhoea johnsonii, Eriachne pallescens var. pallescens, Cleistochloa subjuncea, Borya septentrionalis, and Eriachne spp. Includes open rocky dominated by herbs and grasses. This RE includes areas of 7.12.65k (rocky areas with shrubby/herbaceous cover) which are too small to map. Rocky slopes on granite and rhyolite.

#### **Vegetation Attributes:**

Recruitment of Dominant Canopy Species (%):		N/A
Native plant species richness:	Trees:	1
	Shrubs:	14
	Grasses:	7
	Forbs/Other:	8
Tree Canopy	Median Height (m)	N/A
	Tree Canopy Cover (%)	0
Tree Sub-canopy	Tree sub-canopy median Height (m)	1.3
	Tree Sub-canopy Cover	0
Large Trees	Large Eucalypt tree DBH threshold (cm)	20
	Large Eucalypt trees per hectare	8
	Large non-eucalypt trees threshold (cm)	N/A
	Large non-eucalypt trees per hectare	0
Shrubs	Native Shrub Cover (%)	11.4
Ground Cover	Native Perennial Grass Cover (%)	33
	Forbs and Non-grass (%)	5
	Shrubs (%)	30
	Organic litter cover (%)	9
	Rock (%)	20
	Bare Ground (%)	1
	Cryptograms (%)	1
	Non-native plant cover (%)	<1
	Total Non-native species richness	
Coarse Woody Debris (CWD)	Total length >10cm width and >1m length (m)	Nil
Trees	Eucalyptus portuensis	

Bio-condition Site 16			
Native Species Richness:	Shrubs	Acacia aulococarpa, Allocasuarina inophloia, Acacia calyculata, Astrotricha pterocarpan, Cheilanthes brownii, Leptospermum neglectum, Melaleuca uxorum, Platysace vallida, Persoonia falcata, Phyllanthus dallachyanus, Sannantha angusta, Xanthorrhoea johnsonii	
	Grasses	Aristida superpendens, Themeda triandra, Cymbopogon bombycinus, Eragrostis mucronata, Tripogon lolliformis, Mnesithea Formosa, Schizachyrium fragile	
	Forbs and Others	Boronia bipinnata, Lepidosperma laterale, Melichrus urceolatus, Hibbertia longifolia, Hibbertia melanoides, Gonocarpus acanthocarpus, Borya septentrionalis Cryptandra debilis	
Non-native Plant Species	i	Nil	
Threatened Flora		Melaleuca uxorum	

Table 18 Bio-condition Site 17  Bio-condition Site 17				
Plot Origin:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.19696	Long: 145.39706	Elevation: 1045m
Plot Centre:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.19702	Long: 145.39746	Elevation: 1045m
Plot Bearing:	SE	Plot Alignment:	Top of ridge following the contour	

East

North

#### **Bio-condition Site 17**





South	V	vest

### **Habitat Description:**

Rhyolite rock pavement outcrops sloping on a SW aspect. Mosaic of rock pavement and heathland vegetation.

# Regional Ecosystem (Mapped):

**7.12.65k** Granite and rhyolite rock outcrop, of dry western areas, associated with shrublands to closed forests of *Acacia spp.* and/or *Lophostemon spp.* and/or *Allocasuarina spp.* In the Mount Emerald area, shrubs may include *Acacia umbellata, Melaleuca borealis, Homoranthus porteri, Leptospermum neglectum, Melaleuca recurva, Melaleuca uxorum, Grevillea glossadenia, Corymbia abergiana, Eucalyptus lockyeri, Sannantha angusta, Pseudanthus ligulatus subsp. ligulatus, Acacia aulacocarpa, Leptospermum amboinense, Xanthorrhoea johnsonii and Jacksonia thesioides.* Ground-cover species may include *Borya septentrionalis, Lepidosperma laterale, Eriachne spp., Cleistochloa subjuncea, Boronia occidentalis, Cheilanthes spp., Coronidium newcastlianum, Schizachyrium spp., Tripogon loliiformis, Gonocarpus acanthocarpus and Eragrostis spp. Dry western areas. Granite and rhyolite.* 

#### **Vegetation Attributes:**

Recruitment of Dominant Canon	by Species (%):	N/A
Native plant species richness:	Trees:	0
	Shrubs:	9
	Grasses:	9
	Forbs/Other:	8
Tree Canopy	Median Height (m)	N/A
	Tree Canopy Cover (%)	0
Tree Sub-canopy	Tree sub-canopy median Height (m)	N/A
	Tree Sub-canopy Cover	0
Large Trees	Large Eucalypt tree DBH threshold (cm)	N/A
	Large Eucalypt trees per hectare	0
	Large non-eucalypt trees threshold (cm)	N/A
	Large non-eucalypt trees per hectare	0
Shrubs	Native Shrub Cover (%)	8.0

	Bio-condi	tion Site 17		
	Ground Cover	Native Perennial Grass Cover (%)	8	
		Forbs and Non-grass (%)	13	
		Shrubs (%)	27	
		Organic litter cover (%)	1	
		Rock (%)	38	
		Bare Ground (%)	8	
		Cryptograms (%)	4	
		Non-native plant cover (%)	<1	
		Total Non-native species richness	1	
	Coarse Woody Debris (CWD)	Total length >10cm width and >1m length (m)	Nil	
Native Species	Trees	N/A		
Richness:	Shrubs  Eucalyptus lockyeri, Acrothamnus spathaceu aulococarpa, Acacia calyculata, Sannantha al Leptospermum neglectum, Melaleuca uxoru			
	Grasses	Aristida superpendens, Aristida utilis, Themeda triandra, Eragrostis shultzii, Cymbopogon bombycinus, Eriachne ciliata, Frimbristylus dichotoma, Panicum simile, Chleistochloa subjuncea, Tripogon lilliformis		
	Forbs and Others	Borya septrentrionalis, Dianella nervosa, Hyperanicum gramineum, Cheilanthes brownii, Gonocarpus acanthocarpus, Lepidosperma laterale, Phyllanthus dallachyana, Plectranthus amoenus		
Non-native Plant Species		Praxelis clematidea, Sonchus sp		
Threatened Flora	hreatened Flora Melaleuca uxorum, Plectranthus amoenus			

Table 19 Bio-condition Site 18					
Bio-condition Site 18					
Date:	12-04-2019	T	ı	ı	
Plot Origin:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.19645	Long: 145.39725	Elevation: 1064m	
Plot Centre:	Zone: 55K	Lat: 17.19612	Long: 145.39754	Elevation: 1058m	
Plot Bearing:	SE	Plot Alignment:	Mid-slope running parallel to	the hill contour	
	North		Ea	ast	
NOITH LAST					
	South			est	
Habitat Descript		-	<i>r Eucalyptus reducta.</i> Grassy und <i>lioides</i> combined with a low hea	-	Themeda
Regional Ecosys	tem 7.12.58 <i>Eu</i>	calyptus reducta +/- I	E. granitica +/- Corymbia dimor	pha +/- C. citriodora	
(Mapped):	woodland t	to open forest on gra	nite and rhyolite		ı
Vegetation Attri	<b>butes:</b> Recruitmen	t of Dominant Canop	y Species (%):		100%
	Native plar	t species richness:	Trees:		2
			Shrubs:		17
			Grasses:		6
			Forbs/Other:		9

	Bio-condi	tion Site 18		
	Tree Canopy	Median Height (m)	14	
		Tree Canopy Cover (%)	34.9	
	Tree Sub-canopy	Tree sub-canopy median Height (m)	5	
		Tree Sub-canopy Cover	1.0	
	Large Trees	Large Eucalypt tree DBH threshold (cm)	30	
		Large Eucalypt trees per hectare	32	
		Large non-eucalypt trees threshold (cm)	0	
		Large non-eucalypt trees per hectare	0	
	Shrubs	Native Shrub Cover (%)	37.9	
	Ground Cover	Native Perennial Grass Cover (%)	34	
		Forbs and Non-grass (%)	2	
		Shrubs (%)	42	
		Organic litter cover (%)	12	
		Rock (%)	10	
		Bare Ground (%)	0	
		Cryptograms (%)	0	
		Non-native plant cover (%)	0	
		Total Non-native species richness	0	
	Coarse Woody Debris (CWD)	Total length >10cm width and >1m length (m)	16m	
Native Species	Trees	Eucalyptus reducta		
Richness:	Shrubs  Allocasuarina innophloia, Astrotricha pterocarpa, A aulacocarpa, Leptospermum neglectum, Garnia asp Keraudrenia lanceolata, Xanthorrhoea johnsonii, Acrothamnus spathaceus, Pultanea millarii, Acacia calyculata, Platysace vallida, Phyllanthus dallachyan plurinervia, Breynia oblongifolia.		oera,	
	Grasses	Themeda triandra, Panicum simile, Chleistochloa subjuncea, Schizachyrium fragile, Tripogon lilliformis, Eriachne sp.		
	Forbs and Others	Lepidosperma laterale, Pimelia linarifolia, Notelaea venosa, Dianella nervosa, Hibbertia melhanioides, Hibbertia longifolia, Hibiscus normanii, Cheilanthes brownii, Widelia spilanthoides		
Non-native Flora	Nil			
Threatened Flora	Nil			

## 4.0 Discussion

The Mount Emerald offset site is a biodiversity offset that was gazetted in 2018 as a Nature Refuge under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992*. The site is well selected as an Offset property for the MEWF project which is the neighbouring property to the north. Vegetation communities present on the MEWF project site are represented as are the listed threatened species under both the *EPBC Act 1999* and the *NC Act 1992*. All are represented in healthy populations distributed widely across the site.

Within the 18 bio-condition permanent plots, a total of nine (9) sites contained listed threatened flora as listed under both state and federal legislation. Threatened species were mostly associated with drier and more structurally open regional ecosystems (7.12.30d and 7.12.57c and 7.12.65k). These regional ecosystems are the same as those represented on the MEWF project site where threatened species are clustered. All species that are present within the MEWF site are now included in this bio-condition assessment monitoring plan for the offset site with the exception of *Prostanthera clotteniana* and *Melaleuca sylvana*. An additional threatened species, *Eleutheroglossum fellowsii*, listed *Vulnerable* under the *Nature Conservation Act 1992* was recorded in two of the permanent bio-condition sites on this round of bio-condition monitoring. These individuals were found within regional ecosystem 7.12.34 and 7.12.26e. Conditions for this species are not considered favourable on the MEWF project site due to the prevailing drier and rockier conditions present within that property. There exist numerous locations for this species to occur throughout the high elevation forested peaks of the offset property and further incidental records are likely during the monitoring phase which is to continue biennially until 2028.

No evidence of phytophthora dieback or myrtle rust infection were recorded at any of the 18 bio-condition sites that is common in the lower eastern parts of the wet tropics bio-region. Non-native flora species were generally very low in abundance and/or absent from many of the sites. Common weeds included *Praxelis clematidae* and *Melinis repens* which are both present across similar habitat across much of the wet tropics due to the ability to wind disperse. Otherwise ground cover was between 0-1% for herbaceous weeds. No woody weeds have been detected in any of the 18 bio-condition plots. Feral digging was not present at any of the 18 bio-condition sites; however, it was recorded occasionally during site traverse between bio-condition plots.

Due to the lack of reference sites within the wet tropic's bioregion, a bio-condition score for each of the surveyed vegetation communities cannot be achieved currently. Once reference sites are collected and published by the Queensland Herbarium for the regional ecosystems present on the Offset property this may then occur. As was found in the field surveys for the initial site assessment (RPS, 2016) the condition of the offset site is considered in pristine ecological condition with low disturbance recorded and high abundance of threatened flora species. After the completion of two (2) biennial rounds of bio-condition monitoring, this remains the case. Continued biennial monitoring of the 18-permanent bio-condition plots will provide quantitative monitoring of threatened species health and distribution until 2028.

## 5.0 References

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